

St. Matthew's School

Preschool and Kindergarten Teaching From the Heart

Preschool Assessment Report

Child's Name:	DOB:						
Teacher's Name:							
Parent Signature 1st Semester	Date:						
Parent Signature 2 nd Semester	Date:						
Explanation of Evaluation: 1 = Has fully met skill. 2 = Is in progress of meeting skill. 3 = Has not yet displayed skill.	N = No opportunity to observe SN = This skill is not being ass						
Social / Emotional Development		<u>1st</u>	2 nd				
Displays imaginative play when appropriate. (Pretend play = imaginative play) Understands right from wrong. (May not always demonstrate good judgment difference between right and wrong behavior.	<u>)</u>						
Usually adapts to changing social situations w (Doesn't mind change during play or interact	ion.)						
Usually displays good manners (thank you, pleading inconsistent and may need frequent results)							
Usually is cooperative with adults and request (Cooperates in play, direction and routine tas							
Usually makes eye contact when conversing. (In situations without distractions.)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Can usually listen to a story. (Can sit and listen for a short period during condistract others or talk during the story and keeping the story.							
Usually takes turns and shares with others. (Not always consistent.)							
(Not aways consistent.)							
Physical Development		<u>1st</u>	2 nd				
Usually holds small pencil / crayon properly.	1 1 1 1 1 1						
(There are a few acceptable pencil grips whice teacher.)	ch can be demonstrated by the						
- reaction)							

Usually uses scissors properly and can cut on a line.		
(This is a developing skill and will continue to increase in accuracy as the child		
approaches school age. Proper usage should have a "thumbs up" grasp and		
paper should be held with "helper hand".)		
Can string large beads.		
Can build a tower of 9 small blocks.		
Can put on coat.		
Usually walks on a line.		
(Children range from only taking a few steps to taking many steps.)		
Hops on one foot.		
(Children may only hop on one foot briefly before losing their balance.)		
Balances on one foot for a brief period.		
(This is an emerging skill and becomes refined with maturity.)		
Can walk up steps alternating feet.		
(May prefer to have both feet touch each step, but is capable of alternating.)		
Can jump off low steps or objects.		
Language Development	<u>1st</u>	2 nd
Can sing the alphabet song.		
(Same mistakes may still be made when reciting the alphabet without singing)		

Language Development	<u>1st</u>	<u>2^{na}</u>
Can sing the alphabet song.		
(Some mistakes may still be made when reciting the alphabet without singing.)		
Can tell a simple story using 2 or more sentences.		
(These stories may be the re-telling of a story they have heard or communicating	ļ	
experiences from home or school.)		
Speaks clearly enough to be understood by most listeners.		
(A non-family member should be able to understand 50% or more).		
Uses 3 to 5 word sentences to express needs.		
(As children mature, the number of words per sentence usually increases.)		
Usually refers to self using "I" or "me".		

Cognitive Development	<u>1st</u>	2 nd
Recognizes first name.		
Knows last name.		
(Second half of year only)		
Can rote count from 1 to (Up to 10)		
(This varies tremendously by child. There is no set expectation set at this age.)		
Recognizes and names of 6 shapes.	#:	#:
(Children may or may not have mastered all the shapes. The 6 shapes are listed		
on the final page of this report.)		
Usually recognizes and matches of 8 colors.	#:	#:
(The child is shown a color and asked to name the color. Children of this age		
may or may not have a grasp of all 8 colors. The colors are listed on the final		
page of this report.)		
Understands size comparisons (small, medium large).		
Usually groups similar objects.		
(Can put all the 'red' objects together or all the 'round' objects together.)		
Usually counts 2 to 3 items with a 1 to 1 correspondence.		
(1 to 1 correspondence is the ability to count a number of items in a group and		
correctly identify the quantity. Young children begin counting by pointing and		
rote counting, but the number of items in the group may not correlate to the		

number they have 'counted'. True correspondence is obtained when a child can count the number of items in a group and repeatedly arrive at the correct answer.)					
Usually carries out a series of 2 related directions.					
(When given clear, concise directions the child can usually carry them out					
without needing the directions repeated.)					

Effective September 2012

This page is used by the teachers as documentation for each child. They have room to make notes they will refer to later. This page may not come home until the end of the school year.

NAME:					DATE:							
									J K X			N
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
SQUARE RECTANGLE												
RED ORANGE				BLUE YELLOW								

WHITE

KEY: a circle indicates a child has successfully identified the item.

PINK